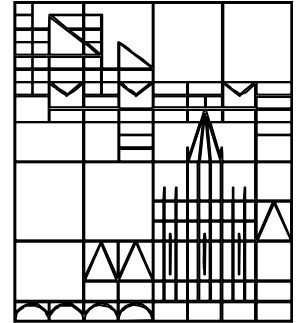


Johns Hopkins University
Center for Alternatives
to Animal Testing

Toward an Evidence- based toxicology



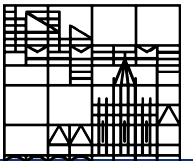
Thomas Hartung

Doerenkamp-Zbinden Professor and Chair for Evidence-based Toxicology,

Director, Center for Alternatives to Animal Testing (CAAT)

Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, US

& Professor of pharmacology and toxicology, University of Konstanz, Germany



R22 harmful if swallowed
(LD₅₀ = 200mg/kg in rats)

R 36 irritant to eyes

R 37 respiratory irritant

R 38 irritant to skin

Not carcinogenic,
but co-carcinogen (promotor)

Unclear mutagenicity

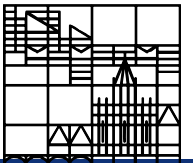
Embryonic malformations in
cat, dog, rat, mice, rabbit, monkey

*Unlikely to be brought to the
market today*

Actual use of aspirin

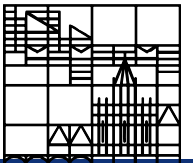
- **> one million billion doses taken**
- **50,000 tons produced and 35,000 tons consumed per year**
- **>23,000 scientific papers on aspirin**
- **74 percent of the US population regards Aspirin as the eighth wonder of the world**
- **840 million \$ sales per year (35-40% in US)**
- **Britons: average 70 per person per year**
- **Even used for pre-eclampsia in pregnancy**



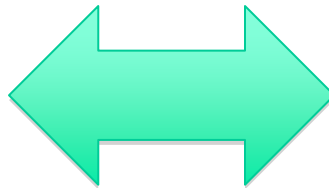


CAAT

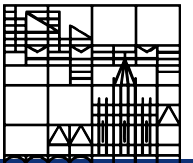
Promoting alternatives to animal testing because these are not always fit for purpose



Product safety
Agent discovery
Basic Research



Animal suffering
Quality of prediction
Through-put



EU REACH feasibility

Originally expected:

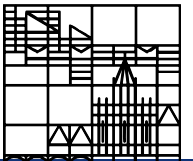
- 180.000 pre-registrations by about 27.000 companies
- 30.000 substances

State of the play 12'08:

- > 2,7 million pre-registrations by about 65.000 companies
- 144.000 substances



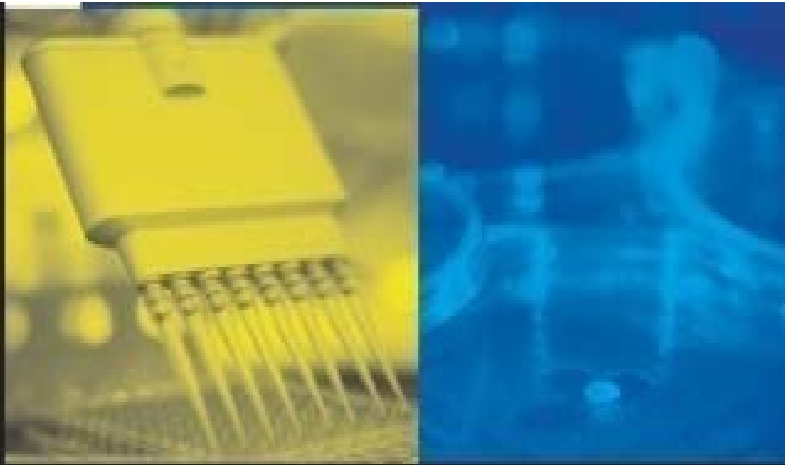
picture
© ChemSec



The economic side

- Consumer product industry world-wide is regulated by animal tests, which cost 0.05% of turnover
- Tests are critical for agent discovery, liability and as trade barriers
- The shortcomings of tests have economical consequences
- Several economic forces urge for change





**TOXICITY TESTING IN THE 21ST
CENTURY: A VISION AND STRATEGY**



The NAS vision from 2007

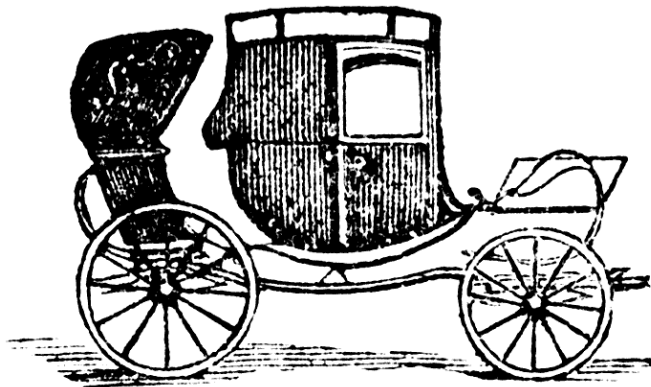
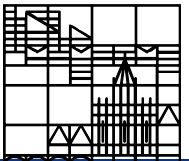
**An atmosphere of departure
in toxicology**

**Lessons learned from
alternative methods and
their validation**

**New technologies from
biotech and (bio-
)informatics revolution**

Conceptual steering needed

**Role of Evidence-based
Toxicology**



**Evolution: Replace parts and pieces one by one
or
Revolution: Construct something new**

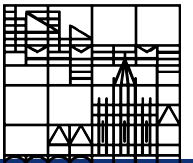
A unique opportunity for a global project



- **Linking with similar projects in Europe (InnoMed, ASAT, FP7 projects, ECVAM, COLIPA, Dutch toxicogenomics centre)**
- **Chemical effector pathways of cells:**

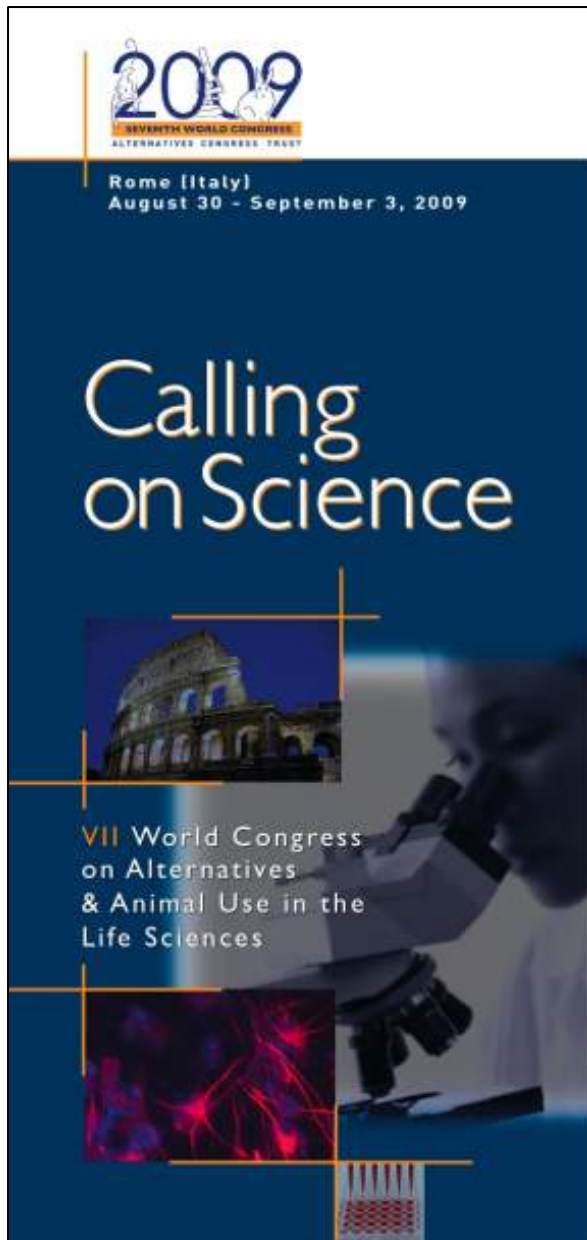
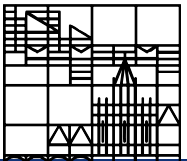


- **tools for molecular biology**
- **drug-able pathways**
- **pathways of toxicity**



***Nothing is as strong as an idea
whose time has come.***

Victor Hugo



World Conference in Rome, Italy

**30 August – 3 September
2009**

www.aimgroup.eu/2009/WC7